# Zonet

**ZVC7610W** 

# Wireless IP Camera



**USER MANUAL** 

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## Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the Zonet ZVC7610W, a powerful and high-quality image wireless IP camera. ZVC7610W can be installed as a standalone system within your application environment easily and quickly, and supports remote management function so that you can access and control it using a Web browser on your PC.

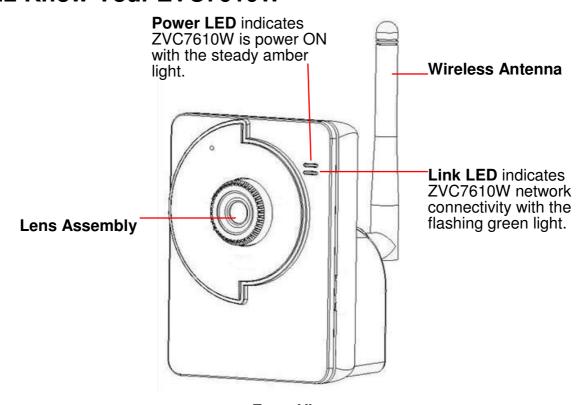
## 1.1 Package Contents

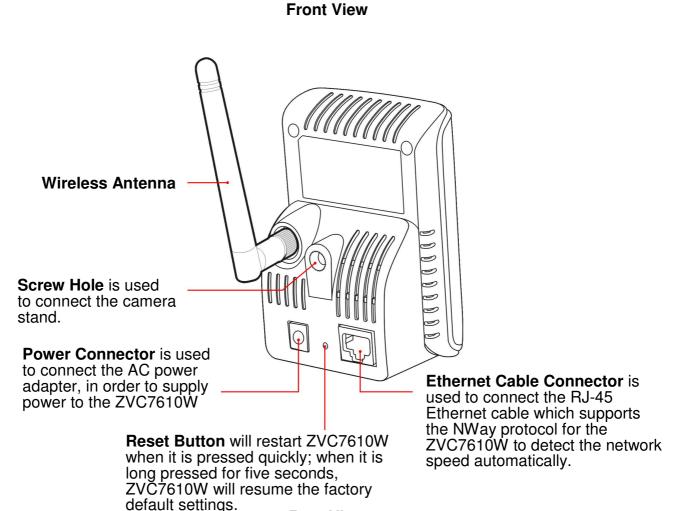
Check the items contained in the package carefully before installation.

- One ZVC7610W
- One AC Power Adapter
- One Wireless Antenna.
- One Camera Stand.
- One RJ-45 Ethernet Cable
- One Installation CD w/ User Manual
- One Quick Installation Guide.

NOTE: Contact your local authorized reseller or the store purchased from for any items damaged and/or missing.

#### 1.2 Know Your ZVC7610W





**Rear View** 

#### 1.3 Features and Benefits

#### **■** Surveillance Supported

ZVC7610W supports "Nightshot mode" to deliver clearer images in the dark environment. Enable motion detection and setup automated email alerts and upload FTP for security.

#### ■ Remote Control Supported

By using a standard Web browser or the bundled Ultra View software application, the administrator can easily change the configuration of ZVC7610W via Intranet or Internet. In addition, ZVC7610W can be upgraded remotely when a new firmware is available. The users are also allowed to monitor the image and take snapshots via the network.

#### ■ Multiple Platforms Supported

ZVC7610W supports multiple network protocols, including TCP/IP, SMTP e-mail, HTTP, and other Internet related protocols. Therefore, you can use ZVC7610W in a mixed operating system environment, such as Windows 2000 and Windows XP.

#### ■ Multiple Applications Supported

Through the remote access technology, you can monitor various objects and places for different purposes with ZVC7610W. For example, babies at home, patients in the hospital, offices and banks, and more. ZVC7610W can capture both still images and video clips, so that you can keep the archives and restore them at any time.

## 1.4 System Requirements

#### Networking

LAN: 10Base-T Ethernet / 100Base-TX Fast Ethernet

WLAN: IEEE 802.11b/g

#### ■ Accessing the Camera using Web Browser

Platform: Windows 2000/XP/Vista, Macintosh OSX

CPU: Intel Pentium III 350MHz or above

RAM: 128MB or above

VGA Resolution: 800x600 or above

Web browser support: Internet Explorer 6.0 or above, Mozilla Firefox 2.00 or above,

Apple Safari 2 or above

#### ■ Accessing the Camera using *Ultra View*

Platform: Windows 2000/XP/Vista

#### Hardware Requirements

One ZVC7610W:

Intel P-III 800MHz / 512MB RAM or above

Two to Four ZVC7610W:

Intel P-4 1.3GHz / 512MB RAM or above

Five to Eight ZVC7610W:

Intel P-4 2.4GHz / 1GB RAM or above

Nine to Sixteen ZVC7610W:

Intel P-4 3.4GHz / 2GB RAM or above

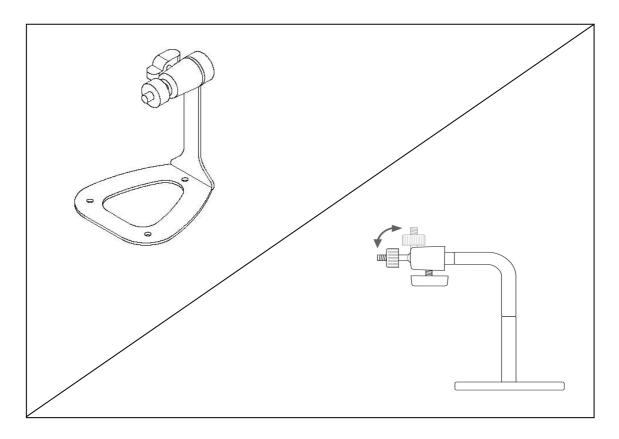
VGA Resolution: 1024x768 or above

NOTE: If the ZVC7610W is not able to connect to your wireless network (WLAN), you have to configure the wireless settings through your network by using the RJ-45 Ethernet Cable.

## **Hardware Installation**

## 2.1 Camera Stand Installation

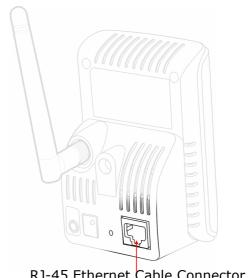
ZVC7610W comes with a Camera Stand which uses a swivel ball screw head to lock the screw-holes at the back of the unit. When the stand is attached to your ZVC7610W, you can place it anywhere by mounting it through the three screw-holes at the bottom of the Camera Stand.



**Camera Stand** 

## 2.2 Connecting ZVC7610W to Your Network

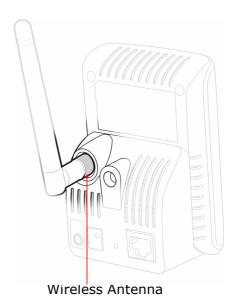
Use the provided RJ-45 Ethernet cable to connect the ZVC7610W to your network. The ZVC7610W will power ON automatically after you connect the AC Power Adapter to the power connector. You may verify the power status from the Power LED on the front panel. Once you completed the connection, Link LED will start flash in green, ZVC7610W is at standby mode, and it is ready to use.



RJ-45 Ethernet Cable Connector

You have to connect the Wireless Antenna to the ZVC7610W if you'd like to use it in a wireless network environment.

ZVC7610W will start searching any available wireless networks around it after it is power ON.



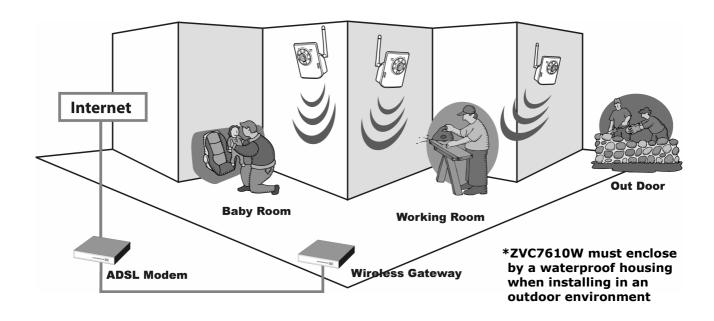
NOTE: If the ZVC7610W is not able to connect to your wireless network (WLAN), you have to configure the wireless settings through your network by using the RJ-45 Ethernet Cable.

## 2.3 ZVC7610W Application Example

ZVC7610W can be applied in multiple applications, including but not limited to the followings:

- Monitor different places and objects via Internet or Intranet locally and remotely.
- Capture images and video clips remotely.
- Upload images and email messages with the images.

The following diagram explains one of the most typical applications for the ZVC7610W. It also provides a basic example of the ZVC7610W installation.



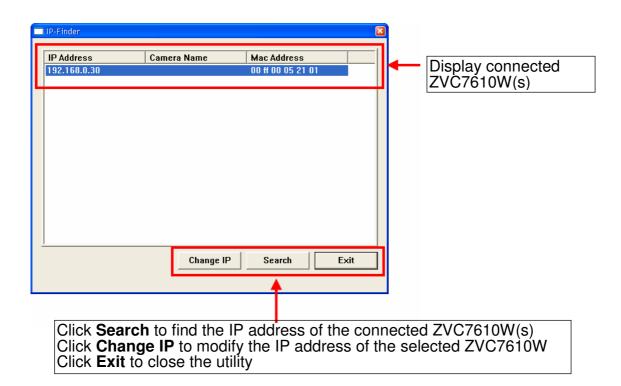
**Home Applications** 

# Access your ZVC7610W

## 3.1 Using IP Finder

ZVC7610W comes with an easy to use utility, **IP Finder**, in the Installation CD. It allows you to find the ZVC7610W on your network easily.

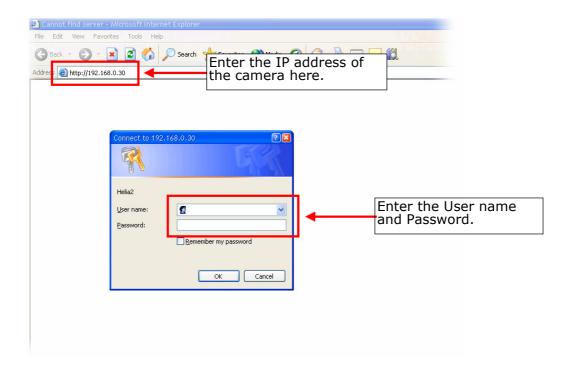
- 1. Insert the Installation CD to CD-ROM drive and initiate the Auto-Run program
- 2. Double-click the **IP Finder** to launch the utility. The control panel will appear as below.



**3.** Once you have the IP address of the ZVC7610W(s), you may use your web browser or *Ultra View* to access it.

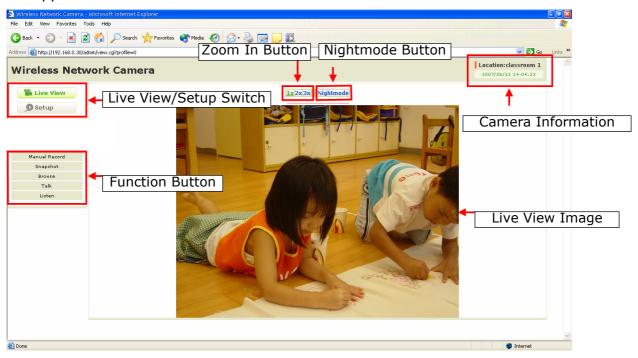
## 3.2 Login to your ZVC7610W

- 1. Open your web browser and enter the ZVC7610W IP address on the address bar.
  - a. Default IP address: <a href="http://192.168.0.30">http://192.168.0.30</a> then press [Enter]
- 2. The login window will appear, enter the username and password then press **OK** to access to the main screen of the ZVC7610W Web Configuration.
  - a. Default Username: **admin** (all lowercases)
  - b. Default Password: <a href="mailto:admin">admin</a> (all lowercases)



NOTE: If this is the first time you access the ZVC7610W, you will be asked to install a new plug-in. Permission request depends on the Internet security settings of your browser. Please click **Yes** to proceed.

After you login into the ZVC7610W Web Configuration main screen, the following screen will appear.



The Web Configuration provides you with many useful information and functions, including:

- Camera Information Display the location of your ZVC7610W with the current date & time. This information can be modified in the Web Configuration.
- Live View Image Displays a real-time image of the connected ZVC7610W.
- Live View/Setup Switch Click Setup to configure the ZVC7610W. See Chapter 4 for more details.
- Function Button Use these buttons to control video functions.
  - Manual Record allows you to record and save a video clip
  - Snapshot allows you to capture and save an image
  - Browse allows you to save the video clips and image to a designated folder
- **Zoom In Button** Click the button to zoom in / out the live view image by 1x, 2x, and 3x
- **Nightmode Button** Click the button to enable the "Nightshot mode" to deliver clearer images in the dark environment. However, this will also reduce the frame rate of the video setting.

## 3.3IP Address Configuration

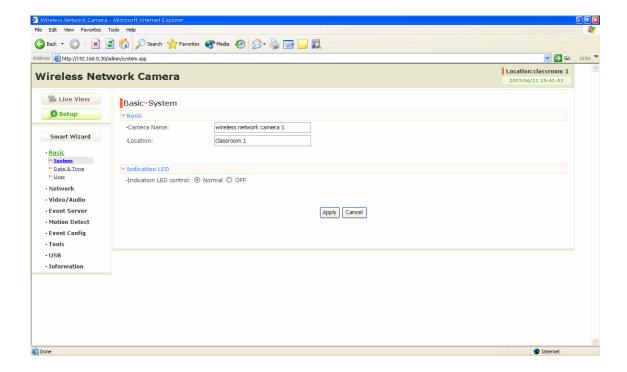
You have to check the IP address of your computer if you failed to access the ZVC7610W. When connecting the ZVC7610W directly to your computer, you have to set up your computer IP address within the same subnet in order for them to communicate correctly.

- 1. On your computer, click **Start > Control Panel** to open the Control Panel window
- 2. Double-click **Network Connection** to open the Network Connection window
- 3. Right-click Local Area Connection and click Properties, then select the General tab
- **4.** Select **Internet Protocol [TCP/IP]** and click **Properties** to bring up the Internet Protocol [TCP/IP] Properties window
- **5.** Configure a fixed IP address that is within the same subnet of the ZVC7610W. Select **Use the following IP address** option and enter an IP address and Subnet Mask into the empty field, for example: IP Address is 192.168.0.x where x is between 0~254 except 30 and Subnet Mask is 255.255.255.0.
- **6.** Click **OK** after you finish.

# **ZVC7610W Configuration**

## 4.1 Using the Web Browser

To configure the ZVC7610W with your web browser, click **Setup** on the main page. The Web Configuration will start from the **Basic** page.



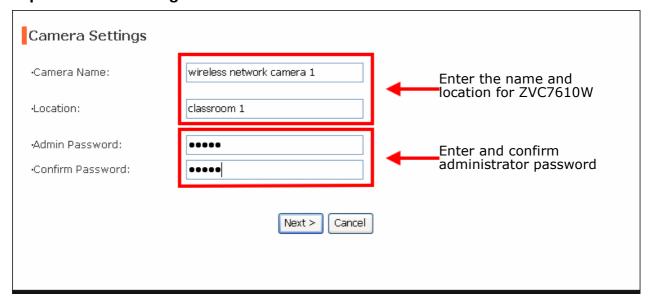
The Web Configuration contains settings that are required for the ZVC7610W in the left menu bar, Smart Wizard, Basic, Network, Video, Event Server, Motion detect, Event Config, Tools and Information.

## 4.2 Using Smart Wizard

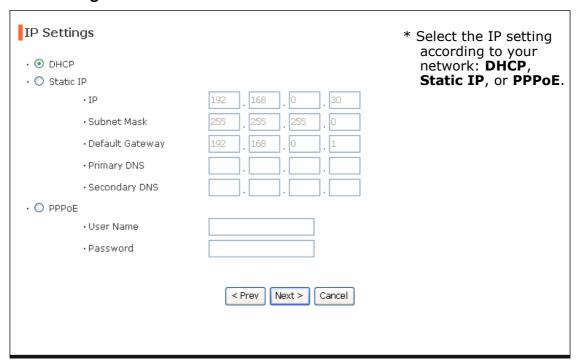
ZVC7610W Smart Wizard lets you configure the camera easily and quickly. The wizard will guide you through the necessary settings in detailed instructions of each step.

To start the wizard, click **Smart Wizard** in the left menu bar.

**Step 1. Camera Settings** 



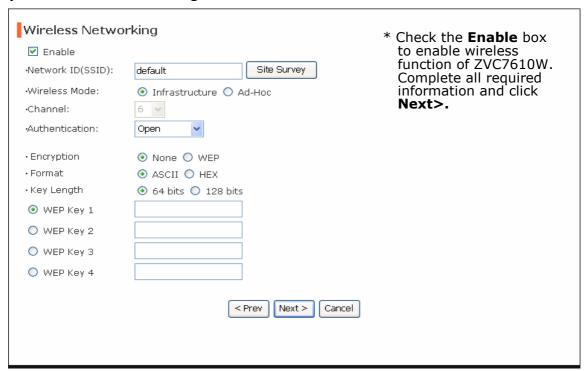
#### Step 2. IP Settings



#### Step 3. Email Settings



#### Step 4. Wireless Networking



#### Step 5. Confirm Settings



The last step shows the configuration of your ZVC7610W. After all settings are confirmed, click **Apply** to finish the wizard and it will reboot the ZVC7610W automatically. Click **<Prev** to go back and make necessary changes, or click **Cancel** to undo/discard all changes.

## 4.3 Basic Setup

The Basic menu contains three sub-menus, Camera Name, Location, Date & Time, and User management.

#### Basic >> System

#### ■ Basic

- Camera Name: Enter a description for your ZVC7610W
- Location: Enter a description of your ZVC7610W location

#### **■** Indication LED

It allows you to set LED illumination as your desired. There are two options: **Normal** and **OFF**.

#### Basic >> Date & Time

#### ■ Date & Time

- **TimeZone:** Select the proper time zone for the region from the drop-down menu.
- **Synchronize with PC:** Select this option to synchronize the ZVC7610W date & time with the connected computer.
- **Synchronize with NTP Server:** Select this option to synchronize the time with the NTP Server. You have to enter an IP address of the server then select the update interval.
- **Manual:** Select this option to enter the ZVC7610W date and time manually.

#### Basic >> User

#### ■ Administrator

To prevent unauthorized access to your ZVC7610W Web Configuration, we strongly recommended you to change the default administrator password. Enter the administrator password twice to set and confirm it.

#### ■ General User

- **Username:** Enter and add more users to allow access to your ZVC7610W in a regular basis
- **Password:** Enter the password for the new user(s)

Click **Add/Modify** to add the new user to the camera after you are finished. To modify the user's information, select the username from the **UserList** and click **Add/Modify**.

- **UserList:** Display all existing users of the ZVC7610W. To delete a user, select the username you want to delete and click **Delete**.

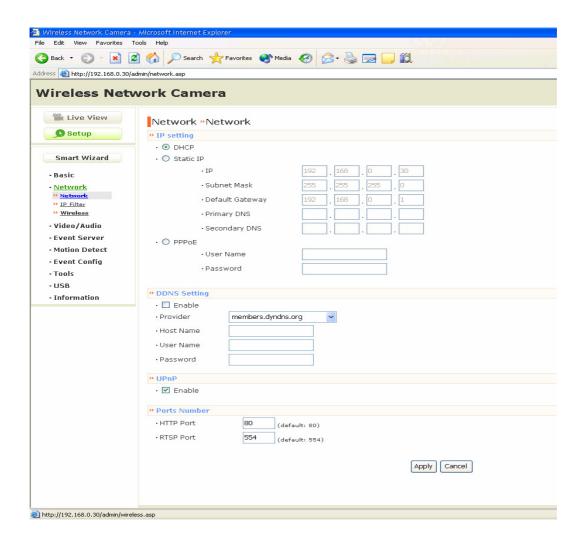
#### ■ Guest

- **User Name:** Enter the guest's name to access your ZVC7610W
- **Password:** Enter the password for the new guest.
- **UserList:** Display the existing guests of your ZVC7610W. To delete a guest, select the name and click **Delete**.

NOTE: "General User" can access and use the Function buttons "Guest' can view live view images from the Web Configuration only "Administrator" has full control of the Web Configuration

## 4.4 Network Settings

The Network menu contains three sub-menus that provide the network settings for the camera, such as the IP Setting, DDNS Setting, IP Filter, and Wireless network.



#### **Network >> Network**

**IP Setting** allows you to select the IP address mode and set up the related configuration.

- DHCP: Select this option when your network uses the DHCP server. When ZVC7610W starts up, it will be assigned an IP address from the DHCP server automatically.
- **Static IP:** Select this option to assign the IP address for ZVC7610W directly. You can use IP Finder to obtain the related setting values.

IP	Enter IP Address of ZVC7610W
	Default IP Address: 192.168.0.30
Subnet Mask	Enter Subnet Mask of ZVC7610W
	Default Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
Default	Enter Default Gateway of ZVC7610W
Gateway	Default address: 192.168.0.1
Primary/ Secondary DNS	DNS (Domain Name System) translates domain names into IP addresses. Enter the Primary and Secondary DNS that provided by ISP.

PPPoE: Select this option when you use a direct connection via the ADSL modem.
 Enter your PPPoE Account User Name and Password. ZVC7610W will get the IP address from your ISP when starting up.

NOTE: When setting up the IP Setting with PPPoE account, ZVC7610W gets the IP address from your ISP during start up and will send a notification email to you automatically. Therefore, you have to setup email/DDNS in advanced when using PPPoE as your connection type.

**DDNS Setting** allows you to assign a fixed host and domain name to a dynamic Internet IP address. Select **Enable** to use this feature. Then select the Provider from the drop-down list. Enter the required information to the **Host Name**, **User Name**, and **Password** boxes. You must sign-up for a DDNS service with a DDNS provider in advanced.

#### ■ UPnP

ZVC7610W supports UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) which enables device-to-device interoperability from a set of computer network protocols. It also supports port auto mapping function so that you can access the ZVC7610W even it is behind an NAT router or a firewall. Select **Enable** to enable this feature.

#### **■** Ports Number

- HTTP Port: Default HTTP port is 80

NOTE: We suggested to use port 1024 ~ 65535 if ZVC7610W is behind an NAT router or a firewall.

#### **Network >> IP Filter**

The IP Filter setting allows the administrator limits users within a range of IP address to access the ZVC7610W.

#### ■ Start/End IP Address

Assign a range of IP address that is NOT allowed to access the ZVC7610W. Enter the Start IP address and End IP address. Click **Add** to save the setting. You can repeat this step to assign more than one range of IP address.

For example, when you enter 192.168.0.50 for the Start IP Address and 192.168.0.80 for the End IP Address, all computers whose IP address set within 192.168.0.50 ~ 192.168.0.80 will NOT be able to access the ZVC7610W.

#### Deny IP List

It displays all of the IP addresses that are NOT allow to access the ZVC7610W. Click **Delete** to clear range of IP address or a single IP address.

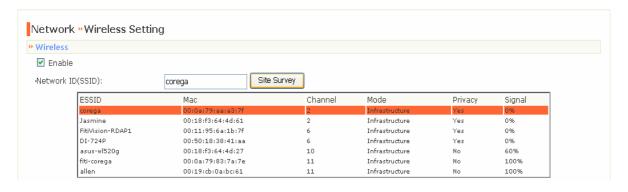
#### **Network >> Wireless Setting**

#### ■ Wireless

Select **Enable** to enable wireless function for ZVC7610W.

- **Network ID (SSID):** "default" SSID allows your ZVC7610W connects to any access point under the infrastructure network mode. To connect your ZVC7610W to a specific access point, you have to set the corresponding access point SSID. Set the same wireless channel and SSID when connects it to an Ad-Hoc mode.

Click **Site Survey** to display all available wireless networks, so you can easily connect to one of the available wireless networks.



List of searching results

- Wireless Mode: Select the type of wireless communication for ZVC7610W
  - Infrastructure
  - Ad-Hoc
- **Channel:** Select the appropriate wireless channel
- **Authentication:** Select an authentication method to secure ZVC7610W from being used by unauthorized wireless users.
  - Open
  - Shared-key
  - WPA-PSK
  - WPA2-PSK

Open	Default setting of authentication mode.
-	It communicates the encryption key
	across the wireless network.
Shared-key	Only allow communication with
	wireless devices with identical
	encryption settings.
WPA-PSK/	WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK are designed
WPA2-PSK	for users who do not have network
	access and must manually enter
	password to their access
	point/gateway and each computer
	within the wireless network.

The following settings must complete if you choose **Open** or **Shared-key** as the Authentication mode.

**Encryption:** Select **WEP** option to enable data encryption feature to secure ZVC7610W within the wireless network

**Format:** Select **ASCII** or **HEX** format for your encryption key according to the wireless network setting.

**Key Length:** Select WEP key length according to the wireless network setting.

**Hex 64 bits**: 10 characters (use only  $\underline{0\sim9}$  &  $\underline{A\sim F}$ ) **Hex 128 bits**: 26 characters (use only  $\underline{0\sim9}$  &  $\underline{A\sim F}$ )

**ASCII 64 bits**: 5 alphanumeric characters **ASCII 128 bits**: 13 alphanumeric characters

**WEP Key 1/2/3/4:** Enter the # of WEP key(s) in the following boxes. WEP Key # must match with your wireless network setting.

The following settings must complete if you choose **WPA-PSK** or **WPA2-PSK** as the Authentication mode.

Encryption: Select TKIP or AES.

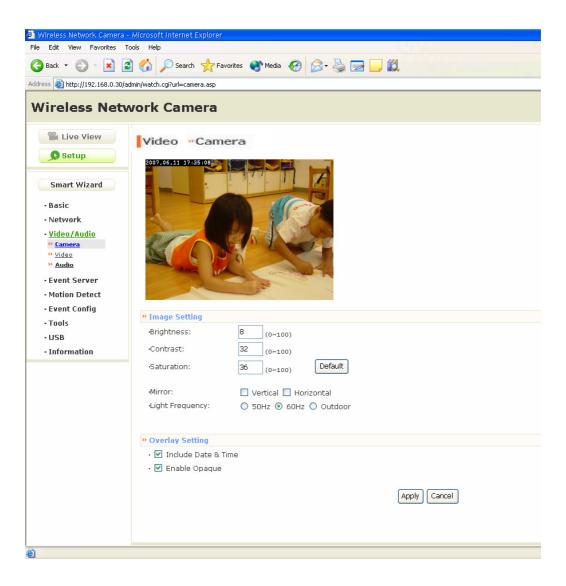
**TKIP** (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) changes the temporal key every 10,000 packets to provide greater security than standard WEP setting.

**AES** (Advanced Encryption Standard) uses to ensure the highest degree of security and authenticity for digital information.

**Pre-Shared Key:** This is used to identify each other in the network. Enter the name in the box, and this name must match the Pre-shared key value in the remote device.

## 4.5 Video Setup

Video menu contains three sub-menus that provide video settings for the ZVC7610W.



#### Video >> Camera

#### ■ Image Setting

- **Brightness:** Adjust the brightness level from 0 ~ 100
- **Contrast:** Adjust the contrast level from 0 ~ 100
- Saturation: Adjust the colors level from 0 ~ 100

Click **Default** to restore the default settings of the three options above.

- **Mirror:** Select **Horizontal** to mirror the image horizontally. Select **Vertical** to mirror the image vertically
- Light Frequency: Select the proper frequency according to the location of ZVC7610W: 50Hz, 60Hz, or Outdoor

#### Overlay Setting

- **Includes Date & Time:** Select this option to display the date & time stamp on the live view image
- **Enable Opaque:** Select this option to set a black background to the displayed date & time stamp

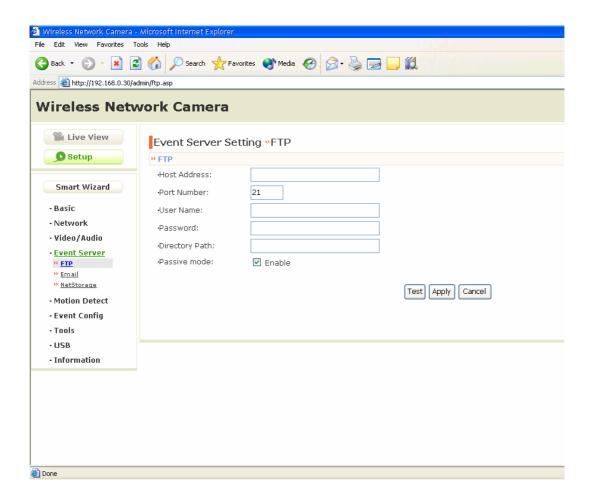
#### Video >> Video

#### **■** MJPEG

- Video Resolution: Select the desired video resolution in three different formats: VGA, QVGA and QQVGA. The highest setting (VGA) gives you better video quality while it uses more resources within your network.
- Video Quality: Select the desired image quality in five different levels: Lowest, Low,
   Medium, High, and Highest.
- **Frame Rate:** Select **Auto** or a proper setting depending on your network status.

## 4.6 Event Server Configuration

The Event Server menu contains three sub-menus that allow you to upload images to FTP and send emails with images.



After you complete the required settings for FTP, or Email, click **Test** to test the configuration to see if it is correct or not. After test is successful, click **Apply**.

#### **Event Server Setting>> FTP**

#### ■ FTP

- Host Address: Enter the IP address of the target FTP server
- Port Number: Enter the port number for the FTP server
- **User Name:** Enter the user name to login to the FTP server
- Password: Enter the password to login to the FTP server
- Directory Path: Enter the destination folder for uploading the images, for example: /Test/
- Passive Mode: Select Enable to enable the passive mode

#### **Event Server Setting >> Email**

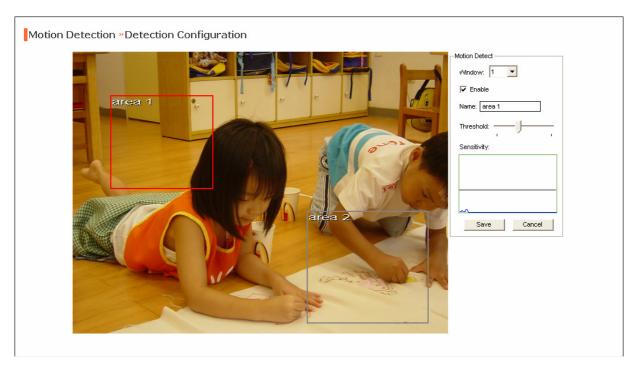
#### ■ Email

- **SMTP Server Address:** Enter the mail server address, for example: <u>mymail.com</u>
- Sender Email Address: Enter the email address of the user who will send the email, for example: <u>John@mymail.com</u>
- **Sender User Name:** Enter the sender email address username to login the mail server
- Sender Password: Enter the sender email address password to login the mail server
- Receiver #1 Email Address: Enter the first email address of the receiver who will receive the email
- Receiver #2 Email Address: Enter the second email address of the receiver who will receive the email

#### 4.7 Motion Detect

The Motion Detect menu contains the command and option that allow you to enable and setup the motion detection feature of the ZVC7610W. It provides up to two detecting areas.

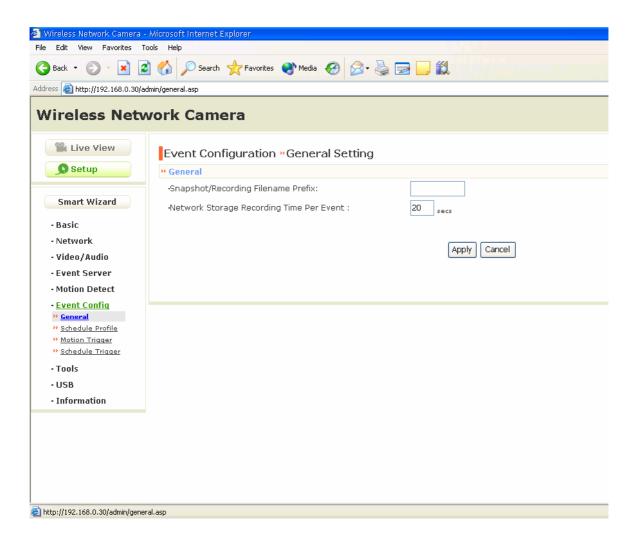
To enable the detecting areas, select **Window 1** or **2** from the drop-down list, and select **Enable**. When the detecting area(s) is enabled, you can use the mouse to move the detecting area(s) and change the area coverage.



- Name: Assign a name of the detecting area(s)
- **Threshold:** Move the slide bar to adjust the level for detecting motion and record video

## 4.8 Event Config

The Event Config menu contains four sub-menus that provide the commands to configure event profiles.

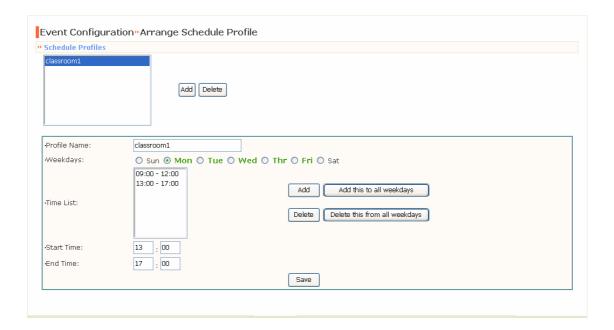


#### **Event Configuration >> General Setting**

- Snapshot/Recording Filename Prefix: You can assign a given prefix to each new captured file. Leave this option blank to use the default setting.

#### **Event Configuration >> Arrange Schedule Profile**

This sub-menu displays the scheduled profile(s). To customize the profile, click **Add** and enter a description for the profile in the prompt dialog window. Click **OK** to add it to the Schedule Profiles list. Click **Delete** to delete the selected profile from the list.



- Profile Name: Display profile name(s) that you added to the Schedule Profiles list
- **Weekdays:** Select the day(s), Monday to Friday, which you want to assign in the schedule profile separately. Assigned weekday(s) will display in green color
- **Time List:** Display the period of time that you have assigned within the selected weekday(s). Click **Add this to all weekdays** to assign the same period of time to every weekday(s). Click **Delete this from all weekdays** to remove the selected period from every weekday(s).
- **Start/End Time:** Enter the start and end time and then click **Add** to assign a time period within in the selected weekday.

#### **Event Configuration >> Motion Detect Trigger**

Select **Enable** option to enable the trigger function of the ZVC7610W to send captured images of the detecting area(s) to an FTP server, or email receiver.

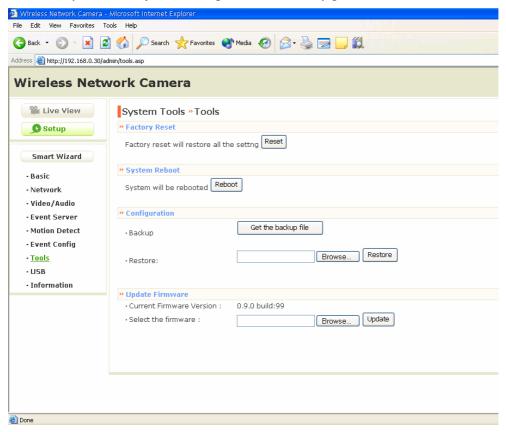
- Schedule Profile: Select a Schedule Profile from the drop-down list.
- **Action:** Select a destination for the captured images to be sent to: **Send Email**, or **FTP Upload**.

#### **Event Configuration >> Schedule Trigger**

You can configure the schedule for trigger function of the ZVC7610W separately with **Email**, or **FTP**. Select **Enable** option on each item, then select a **Schedule Profile** from the drop-down list and set the **Interval** time.

#### 4.9 Tools

The Tools menu provides commands that allow you to restart and/or reset the ZVC7610W. You can also backup, restore your configuration, and upgrade firmware for the ZVC7610W.



#### **■** Factory Reset

Click **Reset** to restore all factory default settings for the ZVC7610W.

#### ■ System Reboot

Click **Reboot** to restart the ZVC7610W. It will power OFF the under then power ON automatically. ZVC7610W configuration will be retained after System Reboot.

#### Configuration

You can save your ZVC7610W configuration as a backup file on your computer. You can restore it by retrieving the backup file.

- Backup: Click Get the backup file to save the current configuration of the ZVC7610W to your computer.
- Restore: Click Browse to locate the backup file and click Restore the configuration of the ZVC7610W.

#### Update Firmware

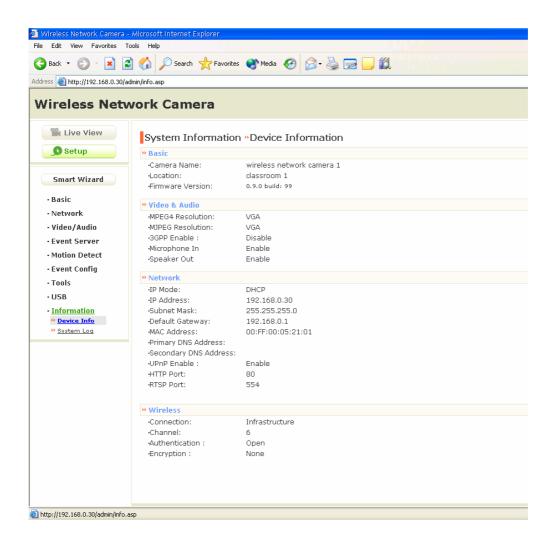
It displays the current firmware version. You can upgrade it once you obtained a latest version of firmware.

- **Select the firmware:** Click **Browse** to locate the updated firmware file and click **Update**.

NOTE: ZVC7610W must be power ON during firmware upgrade. Otherwise, the original firmware may corrupt due to the failure of firmware upgrade.

## 4.10 Information

The Information menu displays the current configuration and events log of the ZVC7610W.



#### ■ Device Info

Display the Basic, Video, and Network settings of the ZVC7610W.

#### ■ System Log

This table displays all events log recorded by the system.

### **Chapter 5**

## **APPENDIX**

#### A.1 Specification

**■ Image Sensor** 

Sensor 1/4" color CMOS

**Resolution** 640x480

■ Video

**Compression** MJPEG

**Video resolution** VGA/QVGA/QQVGA; 30fps max.

■ System Hardware

ProcessorARM9 baseRAM16MB SDRAMROM4MB NOR Flash

Power DC 5V

■ Communication

**LAN** 10/100Mbps Fast Ethernet

Auto-sensed, Auto-MDIX

**WLAN** IEEE 802.11b/g

**Protocol support** TCP/IP, UDP, ICMP, DHCP, NTP,

DNS, DDNS, SMTP, FTP, PPPoE, UPnP

**■** User Interface

LAN
One RJ-45 port
One Reset button
LEDs
Power LED (amber)
Link LED (green)

■ Software

OS Support Windows 2000/XP/Vista, Macintosh OSX

**Browser** Internet Explorer 6.0 or above, Mozilla Firefox 2.00 or above,

Apple Safari 2 or above

**Software** *Ultra View* for playback/

recording/configuration features

Operating Environment

**Temperature** Operation: 5°C ~ 45°C

Storage: -15°C ~ 60°C

**Humidity** Operation: 20~85% non-condensing

Storage: 0% ~ 90% non-condensing

#### A.2 Glossary of Terms

**NUMBERS** 

**10BASE-T** 10BASE-T is Ethernet over UTP Category III, IV, or V unshielded

twisted-pair media.

**100BASE-TX** The two-pair twisted-media implementation of 100BASE-T is

called 100BASE-TX.

<u>A</u>

ADPCM Adaptive Differential Pulse Code Modulation, a new technology

improved from PCM, which encodes analog sounds to digital form.

AMR (Adaptive Multi-Rate) is an audio data compression scheme

optimized for speech coding, which is adopted as the standard

speech codec by 3GPP.

**Applet** Applets are small Java programs that can be embedded in an

HTML page. The rule at the moment is that an applet can only make an Internet connection to the computer form that the applet

was sent.

**ASCII** American Standard Code For Information Interchange, it is the

standard method for encoding characters as 8-bit sequences of

binary numbers, allowing a maximum of 256 characters.

ARP Address Resolution Protocol. ARP is a protocol that resides at the

TCP/IP Internet layer that delivers data on the same network by

translating an IP address to a physical address.

**AVI** Audio Video Interleave, it is a Windows platform audio and video

file type, a common format for small movies and videos.

В

**BOOTP** Bootstrap Protocol is an Internet protocol that can automatically

configure a network device in a diskless workstation to give its

own IP address.

<u>C</u>

**Communication** Communication has four components: sender, receiver, message,

and medium. In networks, devices and application tasks and processes communicate messages to each other over media. They represent the sender and receivers. The data they send is the message. The cabling or transmission method they use is the

medium.

**Connection** In networking, two devices establish a connection to communicate

with each other.

סייס <u>ח</u>

**DHCP** Developed by Microsoft, DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration

Protocol) is a protocol for assigning dynamic IP addresses to devices on a network. With dynamic addressing, a device can have a different IP address every time it connects to the network. In some systems, the device's IP address can even change while it is still connected. It also supports a mix of static and dynamic IP addresses. This simplifies the task for network administrators because the software keeps track of IP addresses rather than requiring an administrator to manage the task. A new computer

can be added to a network without the hassle of manually assigning it a unique IP address. DHCP allows the specification for the service provided by a router, gateway, or other network device that automatically assigns an IP address to any device that requests one.

**DNS** 

Domain Name System is an Internet service that translates domain names into IP addresses. Since domain names are alphabetic, they're easier to remember. The Internet however, is really based on IP addresses every time you use a domain name the DNS will translate the name into the corresponding IP address. For example, the domain name

www.network camera.com might translate to 192.167.222.8.

Ε

**Enterprise network** An enterprise network consists of collections of networks

connected to each other over a geographically dispersed area. The enterprise network serves the needs of a widely distributed company and operates the company's mission-critical

applications.

**Ethernet** The most popular LAN communication technology. There are a

variety of types of Ethernet, including 10Mbps (traditional Ethernet), 100Mbps (Fast Ethernet), and 1,000Mbps (Gigabit Ethernet). Most Ethernet networks use Category 5 cabling to carry information, in the form of electrical signals, between devices. Ethernet is an implementation of CSMA/CD that operates in a bus

or star topology.

F

**Fast Ethernet** Fast Ethernet, also called 100BASE-T, operates at 10 or 100Mbps

per second over UTP, STP, or fiber-optic media.

**Firewall** Firewall is considered the first line of defense in protecting private

> information. For better security, data can be encrypted. A system designed to prevent unauthorized access to or from a private network. Firewalls are frequently used to prevent unauthorized Internet users from accessing private networks connected to the Internet, especially Intranets all messages entering or leaving the intranet pass through the firewall, which examines each message and blocks those that do not meet the specified security criteria.

G

Gateway A gateway links computers that use different data formats

together.

Groups consist of several user machines that have similar Group

characteristics such as being in the same department.

Н

Short for hexadecimal refers to the base-16 number system, which consists of 16 unique symbols: the numbers 0 to 9 and the letters A to F. For example, the decimal number 15 is represented as F in the hexadecimal numbering system. The hexadecimal system is useful because it can represent every byte (8 bits) as two consecutive hexadecimal digits. It is easier for humans to read hexadecimal numbers than binary numbers.

**HEX** 

**ISP** 

M

**Intranet** This is a private network, inside an organization or company that

uses the same software you will find on the public Internet. The only difference is that an Intranet is used for internal usage only.

Internet The Internet is a globally linked system of computers that are

The Internet is a globally linked system of computers that are logically connected based on the Internet Protocol (IP). The Internet provides different ways to access private and public

information worldwide.

**Internet address** To participate in Internet communications and on Internet

Protocol-based networks, a node must have an Internet address that identifies it to the other nodes. All Internet addresses are IP

addresses

IP Internet Protocol is the standard that describes the layout of the

basic unit of information on the Internet (the *packet*) and also details the numerical addressing format used to route the

information. Your Internet service provider controls the IP address of any device it connects to the Internet. The IP addresses in your network must conform to IP addressing rules. In smaller LANs,

most people will allow the DHCP function of a router or gateway to

assign the IP addresses on internal networks.

**IP** address is a 32-binary digit number that identifies each sender

or receiver of information that is sent in packets across the Internet. For example 80.80.80.69 is an IP address. When you "call" that number, using any connection methods, you get

connected to the computer that "owns" that IP address.

ISP (Internet Service Provider) is a company that maintains a network that is linked to the Internet by way of a dedicated communication line. An ISP offers the use of its dedicated communication lines to companies or individuals who can't afford

the high monthly cost for a direct connection.

JAVA Java is a programming language that is specially designed for

writing programs that can be safely downloaded to your computer through the Internet without the fear of viruses. It is an objectoriented multi-thread programming best for creating applets and

applications for the Internet, Intranet and other complex,

distributed network.

**LAN**Local Area Network a computer network that spans a relatively

small area sharing common resources. Most LANs are confined to

a single building or group of buildings.

MJPEG (Motion JPEG) composes a moving image by storing

each frame of a moving picture sequence in JPEG compression, and then decompressing and displaying each frame at rapid

speed to show the moving picture.

MPEG4 is designed to enable transmission and reception of high-

- 35 -

quality audio and video over the Internet and next-generation

mobile telephones.

<u>N</u> NAT

Network Address Translator generally applied by a router that makes many different IP addresses on an internal network appear to the Internet as a single address. For routing messages properly within your network, each device requires a unique IP address. But the addresses may not be valid outside your network. NAT solves the problem. When devices within your network request information from the Internet, the requests are forwarded to the Internet under the router's IP address. NAT distributes the responses to the proper IP addresses within your network.

**Network** 

A network consists of a collection of two or more devices, people, or components that communicate with each other over physical or virtual media. The most common types of network are:

**LAN** – (local area network): Computers are in close distance to one another. They are usually in the same office space, room, or building.

**WAN** – (wide area network): The computers are in different geographic locations and are connected by telephone lines or radio waves.

**NWay Protocol** 

A network protocol that can automatically negotiate the highest possible transmission speed between two devices.

<u>Р</u> РСМ

PCM (Pulse Code Modulation) is a technique for converting analog audio signals into digital form for transmission.

**PING** 

Packet Internet Groper, a utility used to determine whether a specific IP address is accessible. It functions by sending a packet to the specified address and waits for a reply. It is primarily used to troubleshoot Internet connections.

**PPPoE** 

Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet. PPPoE is a specification for connecting the users on an Ethernet to the Internet through a common broadband medium, such as DSL or cable modem. All the users over the Ethernet share a common connection.

**Protocol** 

Communication on the network is governed by sets of rules called protocols. Protocols provide the guidelines devices use to communicate with each other, and thus they have different functions. Some protocols are responsible for formatting and presenting and presenting data that will be transferred from file server memory to the file server's net work adapter Others are responsible for filtering information between networks and forwarding data to its destination. Still other protocols dictate how data is transferred across the medium, and how servers respond to workstation requests and vice versa. Common network protocols responsible for the presentation and formatting of data for a network operating system are the Internetwork Packet Exchange (IPX) protocol or the Internet Protocol (IP). Protocols that dictate the format of data for transferors the medium include token-passing and Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD), implemented as token-ring, ARCNET,

FDDI, or Ethernet. The Router Information Protocol (RIP),a part of the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) suite, forwards packets from one network to another using the same network protocol.

<u>R</u>

**RJ-45** RJ-45 connector is used for Ethernet cable connections.

**Router** A router is the network software or hardware entity charged with

routing packets between networks.

RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) is a data transfer protocol

defined to deliver **live media** to the clients at the same time, which defines the transmission of video and audio files in real time for

Internet applications.

RTSP (Real-time Streaming Protocol) is the standard used to

transmit **stored media** to the client(s) at the same time, which provides client controls for random access to the content stream.

<u>S</u>

**Server** It is a simple computer that provides resources, such as files or

other information.

SIP (Session Initiated Protocol) is a standard protocol that delivers

the real-time communication for Voice over IP (VoIP), which establishes sessions for features such as audio and video

conferencing.

**SMTP** The Simple Mail Transfer Protocol is used for Internet mail.

**SNMP** Simple Network Management Protocol. SNMP was designed to

provide a common foundation for managing network devices.

**Station** In LANs, a station consists of a device that can communicate data

on the network. In FDDI, a station includes both physical nodes and addressable logical devices. Workstations, single-attach stations, dual-attach stations, and concentrators are FDDI

stations.

**Subnet mask** In TCP/IP, the bits used to create the subnet are called the subnet

mask.

<u>T</u>

(TCP/IP) Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol is a widely used

transport protocol that connects diverse computers of various transmission methods. It was developed y the Department of Defense to connect different computer types and led to the

development of the Internet.

**Transceiver** A transceiver joins two network segments together. Transceivers

can also be used to join a segment that uses one medium to a segment that uses a different medium. On a 10BASE-5 network, the transceiver connects the network adapter or other network device to the medium. Transceivers also can be used on 10BASE-

2 or 10BASE-T networks to attach devices with AUI ports.

<u>U</u> UDP

The User Datagram Protocol is a connectionless protocol that

resides above IP in the TCP/IP suite

**User Name** The USERNAME is the unique name assigned to each person

who has access to the LAN.

**Utility** It is a program that performs a specific task.

**UTP** Unshielded twisted-pair. UTP is a form of cable used by all access

methods. It consists of several pairs of wires enclosed in an

unshielded sheath.

W

**WAN** Wide-Area Network. A wide-area network consists of groups of

interconnected computers that are separated by a wide distance

and communicate with each other via common carrier

telecommunication techniques.

**WEP** WEP is widely used as the basic security protocol in Wi-Fi

networks, which secures data transmissions using 64-bit or 128-bit

encryption.

**Windows** Windows is a graphical user interface for workstations that use

DOS.

WPA WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) is used to improve the security of

Wi-Fi networks, replacing the current WEP standard. It uses its own encryption, Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP), to secure

data during transmission.

WPA2 Wi-Fi Protected Access 2, the latest security specification that

provides greater data protection and network access control for

Wi-Fi networks. WPA2 uses the government-grade AES encryption algorithm and IEEE 802.1X-based authentication,

which are required to secure large corporate networks.